## <u>Jesus is our Satisfactory Priest – Hebrews 9v15-28</u>

Prepared for Death				
Are you ready and p	repared to meet God	– to confidently stand in his p	resence and enjoy Him?	
	can be guaranteed of	two things – what are they?		
(i)				
(ii)				
Chapter 4v13 tells us	s that:			
'N	_ in all creation is hid	den from God's sight. <b>E</b> _	is laid bare before the eyes of him t	0
whom we must give	account.'			
How do you feel abo	out this?			
What have we been	promised (9v15): E	I		
Death of Christ				
We can be confiden	t at our death because	e of the death of Christ. What	does the death of Christ achieve for us?	
v15: F us from	m sin			
26b: Do a	with sin			
28a: T aw	ay the sins of many.			
Christs death is a 'Pe				
'Penal' has to do wit	h p	; 'Substitution' is in p	of another.	

'God gave himself in the person of his Son to suffer instead of us the death, punishment and curse due to fallen humanity as the penalty of sin.' (Pierced for our Transgressions: Jeffery; Ovey; Sach)

**Remember:** Through the death of Christ, we can have confidence on the day of our death.

## 1. Christs death sets us free God's covenant with his people was based on promises and commitments to each other. Deuteronomy chapters 26-28 show us this: This is what God says: 'And the Lord has declared this day that you are his people, his treasured possession as he promised, and that you are to keep his commands.' 26v18 In response Moses divides the people of Israel into two groups: Six of the tribes climb up mount Gerizim and pronounce all the b\_\_\_\_\_\_. The other six tribes climb up Mount Ebal and pronounce all the c Because of the peoples continued failure God provided a 'Mediator' (v15) As mediator Christ stands in and represents the two parties, G\_\_\_\_\_ and M\_\_\_\_\_, because Christ is Fully God and Fully Man. He takes the disobedience of the people and is cursed in their place. He lives obediently in their place so that the people receive the blessing. That's what happened when Christ climbed another mount, the mount of crucifixion. God pronounces the curse of death on Christ so that he might pronounce the blessings to us. What does the illustration of a 'will' (v16-17) teach us? Because of Christs substitutionary death, a death in place of me, my inheritance from the Father has become a reality. I can enjoy God's presence now and am guaranteed the inheritance to come. 2. Christs death forgives us fully Blood means death. To get blood something must die.

What happened when a covenant was made? An animal was c in two.

The pieces of the animal were then set opposite each other forming a walk way.

The people or a representative would walk through the dead animal.

The symbolism was clear: 'May this happen to me if I do not keep the covenant.'

What was God teaching through this? The s\_\_\_\_\_\_ of s\_\_\_\_.

God can't just overlook sin and pretend it does not matter.

The penalty for sin is always death.

Read Jeremiah 34v18-20a

What happened because the people failed to keep the covenant?

What was the visual reminder of the animal sacrifice? v22

in Matthew Gospei account, Jesus: Took a cup, and wr	•	. , ,	
of you. This is my blood of the covenant, which is poure What did Jesus mean when he says: This is my blood of		giveness of sins. Matthe	W 20V20-28
My blood will be shed, I will die and suffer the p	of your sin so th	at you might r	the full
forgiveness of your sin.			
3. Christs death satisfies forever			
The high priest had a unique role of representing the p	•		
But first he had to purify or cleanse everything with blo	·	, , ,	ust be clean.
It was a symbolic way of showing that the people need	to be clean to meet with	G00.	
What did this teach the people?			
A sacrifice was needed that cleansed i	and e	to prepare us	s for being in God's
presence.			
What are some of the things we do, to try and clean ou	irselves up for God?		
One of the things about the old covenant and the sacri	ficial system was its repeti	itiveness. A never ending	g cycle of daily,
weekly and annual sacrifices. The constant rituals a ren	·	_	
What was the difference between the sacrifice of the p	oriests and Christ's sacrific	e of himself? v25-26	
The priests:			
Christs sacrifice:			
How does this help us when we sin intentionally or uni	ntentionally?		
Secured Inheritance			
If we are Christians what is the tension, we live with?			
Knowing our sin is f but yet still s	·		
Knowing we are a but yet still f	·		
What are we promised if our trust is in Jesus? v28			

Remember: Because of Christs death, our death is the door to the full experience of salvation. Our promised eternal inheritance is absolutely guaranteed.